States not located within another locality pay area.

[58 FR 69174, Dec. 30, 1993, as amended at 59 FR 67605, Dec. 30, 1994; 61 FR 40950, Aug. 7, 1996; 61 FR 42939, Aug. 19, 1996; 62 FR 65312, Dec. 12, 1997; 65 FR 75154, Dec. 1, 2000; 69 FR 75453, Dec. 17, 2004; 70 FR 31302, May 31, 2005; 70 FR 74998, Dec. 19, 2005]

## § 531.604 Determining an employee's locality rate.

- (a) An annual locality rate consists of a scheduled annual rate of pay plus an applicable locality payment (representing an annual dollar amount), as determined under paragraph (b) of this section.
- (b) An agency determines an employee's locality rate by—
- (1) Determining the employee's official worksite consistent with the rules in §531.605:
- (2) Determining the locality pay area in which the employee's official worksite is located, consistent with the locality pay areas established in §531.603;
- (3) Identifying the locality pay percentage in effect in the applicable locality pay area;
- (4) Increasing the employee's scheduled annual rate of pay by the applicable locality pay percentage and rounding the result to the nearest whole dollar (counting 50 cents and over as the next higher dollar); and
- (5) Applying any applicable limitation as described in §531.606.
- (c) A locality rate may be expressed as an hourly, daily, weekly, or biweekly rate, as provided in §531.607.

[70 FR 31303, May 31, 2005]

## § 531.605 Determining an employee's official worksite.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the official worksite is the location of an employee's position of record where the employee regularly performs his or her duties or, if the employee's work involves regular travel or the employee's work location varies on a daily basis, where his or her work activities are based, as determined by the employing agency. An agency must document an employee's official worksite on an employee's Notification of Personnel Action (Standard Form 50 or equivalent).

- (b) For an employee who is relocated and authorized to receive relocation expenses under 5 U.S.C. chapter 57, subchapter II (or similar authority), the official worksite is the established worksite for the position in the area to which the employee has been relocated. For an employee authorized to receive relocation expenses under 5 U.S.C. 5737 in connection with an extended assignment resulting in a temporary change of station, the duty station associated with the extended assignment is the official worksite. (See 41 CFR 302–1.1.)
- (c) For an employee whose assignment to a new worksite is followed within 3 workdays by a reduction in force resulting in the employee's separation before he or she is required to report for duty at the new location, the official worksite in effect immediately before the assignment remains the official worksite through the date of separation.
- (d)(1) For an employee covered by a telework agreement who is scheduled (while in duty status) to report at least once a week on a regular and recurring basis to the regular worksite for the employee's position of record, the regular worksite is the official worksite. However, for an employee whose work location varies on a daily basis, the employee need not report at least once a week to the established official worksite (where the employee's work activities are based) as long as the employee is performing work within the locality pay area for that worksite at least once a week on a regular and recurring basis. An agency must determine a telework employee's official worksite on a case-by-case basis.
- (2) If an employee covered by a telework agreement does not meet the requirements of paragraph (d)(1) of this section, the employee's official worksite is the location of the employee's telework site.
- (3) An authorized agency official may make a temporary exception to the requirements in paragraphs (d)(1) and (2) of this section in appropriate situations of a temporary nature, such as the following:
- (i) An employee is recovering from an injury or medical condition; or